Syllabus

MA Sociology/Final 20020-21

Peper - I

Title - Sociology of Kinship Marriage and Family

MM: 50

Unit I Kinship- Definition and Types

Classification of Kinship

Unit II Marriage

Rules of Marriage: Endogamy, Exogamy, Prescriptive and Preferential Marriage, Monogamy, Polygamy, Levirate and Sororate, Hypogamy and

Hypergamy; Marriage transactions: Dowry and Bride-wealth

Unit III Family- Definition and Functions of Family

Types of family

Family structure in India

Unit IV Changes in Indian Family

Change in structure and function

Change and continuity in Indian family value

Unit: V Current Issues in Indian Family

Impact of Globalization in Family

System in India.

Changing nature of Marriage in India

Essential Readings:

- 1. Madan, T.N. 1965. Family and Kinship: A Study of the Pandits of Rural Kashmir. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Karve, Iravati. 1968. Kinship Organisation in India. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.

Additional Readings:

- 1. Shah, A.M. 1998. The Family in India: Critical Essays. New Delhi: Orient Longman
- 2. Gore, M.S. 1990. Urbanisation and Family Change in India. Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
- 3. गर्ग, देवेन्द्र, भारत में परिवार, विवाह और नातेदारी, रितु पब्लिकेशन, 2012.

Syllabus MA Sociology/Final 20020-21 Paper - II Indian Society and Culture

MM: 50

Unit-I:

Features of Contemporary Indian society and Culture; Component of Indian Society, Demographic, Religious, Caste Class etc

Unit-II:

Culture- Definition & Attributes & Components of Culture, Little and Great Tradition in India, Acculturation and Enculturation

Unit-III:

Organisations and Institutions
Family and Marriage, Kinship and Clan,
Rural and Urban Continuum

Unit IV:

Groups Groups in Rural India, Tribal India, Urban India

Unit V:

Monographs (Basics) An Indian Village- S C Dube The Kamar- S C Dube The City – D'Suza

Syllabus MA Sociology/Final 20020-21

Paper - III Criminology

MM: 50

With the fast tempo of change in contemporary society, the crime scene is also changing fast. This course is designed to acquaint the students with recent advances in criminology, changing profile of crime and criminals particularly in India and the correctional measures and programmes in prison

Unit: I: Concept

Criminology-Meaning Scope & Subject Matter.

Conceptual approaches to crime-legal and sociological.

Crime against Women: Types and Extent;

Unit-II: Theories

Concept of Deviance,

Theoretical Perspectives of Social Deviance: Anomie theory;

Typological Theory, Differential Association Theory; Labeling Theory; Multi-factorial

Theory and others

Unit-III: Forms of Deviance

Juvenile Delinquency; Alcoholism; Drug addiction;

Mental Disorder; Homosexuality; Beggary.

Unit-IV: Types of Crime

Organized Crime: Concept, characteristics, and structure; Occupational Crime: Concept, Elements, types, and effects; Professional Crime: characteristics, types; White color crime,

Cyber Crime: Concept and types

Unit-V: Correctional Programmes

Prison as a correctional Institute.

Educational and Correctional Programmes in Prison

Human Rights and Prison Management

Reformatory Institutions

Essential Readings

Ahuja, Ram (2000), Social Problems in India, Jaipur: Rawat Publications.

Clinard, Marshall, B. (1957), *Sociology of Deviant Behavior*, New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston,

Inc Cohen, Albert K. (1970), Deviance and Control, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall of India.

Madan, G.R. (1991), *India's Social Problems*, New Delhi: Allied Publishers.

Rajput Diwakar Singh – Jail Reforms and Prisoners Welfare – Pranjal Publication Sagar: 2002

Lemert, Edwin (1972), Human Deviance, Social Problems and Social Control, Englewood

Cliffs:

Nagla, B.K. (1991), *Women, Crime and Law*, Jaipur: Rawat Publications. Thio, Alex (1978), *Deviant Behavior*, Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co.

Syllabus MA Sociology/Final 20020-21

Paper - IV Tribal Society in India

MM: 50

Unit I-

Tribes- Meaning and Characteristics Tribal Population in India Demographic Profile

Unit II-

Tribal Culture, Folk and Art Indigenous Knowledge Tribal Development

Unit III-

Tribal Problems Landlessness, land alienation Tribal Health and Education

Unit IV-

Tribal Studies in India Tribes in India Impact of ICT on Tribal Society

Unit V-

Impact of Globalization on Tribal Life Govt Polies for Tribal Welfare Role of NGOs in Tribal Welfare

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Paper – V Sociological Essay

Write an Essay on Any One

MM: 50

- 1. Social Problems
- 2. Family welfare
- 3. Rural Development
- 4. Tribal Welfare
- 5. Crime Against Women
- 6. Child Labour
- 7. Cyber Crime
- 8. Covid-19 Pandemic
- 9. National Education Policy 2020
- 10. Drug Addiction
- 11. Sociology for Nation Building
- 12. Women Empowerment
- 13. Human Rights
- 14. Panchayati Raj
- 15. Environment and Society

Syllabus MA Sociology/Final 20020-21

Paper – VI Perspectives in Indian Sociology

MM: 50

The development of sociology in India took place much later than in Europe. The root of the discipline can be traced to the initial study taken up by the colonial rulers to understand the culture and people of India for their administrative purposes. Gradually the efficacy of the discipline was understood and it was started in different universities as part of other departments to acquire a fairly adequate and comprehensive understanding of Indian society in all its multifaceted dimensions. This course aims at sensitizing the students to the diversity as well as interconnectedness of theoretical perspectives on Indian society, thereby adding depth as well as insight to their understanding of the subject.

Unit I: Development of Sociology in India

The colonial intervention and sociological knowledge Gandhi, Nehru, Ambedkar and the subject matter of Indian sociology Sociology of India and Sociology for India

Unit II: Indological /Textual

Ghuriye and L. Dumont

Unit III: Structural-functionalism

M.N Srinivas; S.C Dube

Unit IV: Marxian perspective

A.R Desai; D.P Mukherjee

Unit V: Subaltern Perspective

D. Hardiman; B.R Ambedkar

Essential Readings

Dhanagare, D.N. 1993. Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology. Jaipur: Rawat. (Ch-1).

Dube, S.C. 1973. Social Sciences in a Changing Society. Lucknow: Lucknow University Press. Dumont, Louis. 1970: Homo Hierarchicus: The Caste System and its Implications. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Ghurye, G.S. 1932. Caste and Race in India. London: Kegan Paul.

Karve, Irawati. 1961. Hindu Society: An Interpretation. Poona: Deccan College.

Mukherjee, D.P. 1958. Diversities. Delhi: People"s Publishing House.

Oommen, T.K. 2005. Crisis and Contention in Indian Society. New Delhi: Sage.

Singh, K.S. 1992. The People of India: An Introduction. Calcutta: Seagull books.

Singh, Y. 1973. Modernisation of Indian Tradition. Delhi: Thomson Press.

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Paper – VII Sociology of Change and Development

MM: 50

Studies of planning and development have long been concerned with the relationship between the transparent and supposedly anonymous forces of markets, states and bureaucracies, on the one hand, and the particular local and national forms of social organization in which actor's daily lives are embedded. This course deals with an understanding of various approaches to the change of cultural and societal values, the social structure and its relation with the changes of economic institution and vice- versa.

Unit I: Concept of Social Change:

Growth, Development and Change Meaning and Factors of social change.

Unit II: Theories of Social Change:

Evolution, Revolution, Diffusion and Cyclical, Social structure and Technology (R.K Merton) The passing of traditional society (D. Lerner) Barnet Views of Social change

Unit III: Understanding Development

Development and change Models of development Poverty and inequality

Unit IV: Process of social change in India

Sanskritisation; Islamisation; Westernization Secularism; Modernisation and Globalisation Great tradition and little tradition

Unit V : Indian Experiences of Development:

Social consequences of Economic reform, Concept of Planned change. Sociological apprisal of

five year Plan. Social Impact of I.T. revolution.

Essential Readings

Abraham, M.F. 1990. Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: OUP. Appadurai, Arjun. 1997. Modernity At Large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalization. New Delhi: OUP

Harrison, D. 1989. The Sociology of Modernization and Development. New Delhi, OUP Srinivas, M.N. 1966. Social Change in Modern India. Berkley: University of Berkley

Syllabus MA Sociology/Final 20020-21

Paper – VIII Industrial Sociology

MM: 50

Unit I

Industrial Sociology Nature and Scope Development of Industrial Structure Division of Labour

Unit II

Industrial Bureaucracy

ILO- Structure and Functions

Unit III

Work – concept and work ethics Labour Migration

Labour relations in India

Unit IV

Industrial Society

Women and Child in Industrial Society

Unit V

Power, Industry and Capitalism

Labour Security, Labour Welfare and Social Welfare

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Paper – IX Political Sociology

MM: 50

Unit I- Political Sociology
Definition Subject matter and Scope
Political Development, Political Socialization
Political Participation.

Unit II- Political System- Definition, Classification Political Elite – Pareto, Millis Political Culture

Unit III

Democratic System
Democracy in India

Unit IV

Political Parties

Voting Behavior Political process in India

Bureaucracy - Concept and characteristics, Max Weber on Bureaucracy

Unit V

Public Opinion in Democracy Decentralization of Polity Panchayati Raj

Syllabus MA Sociology/Final 20020-21

Paper – X (A). Social Demography

MM: 50

Unit I-

Social Demography, Concept, Meaning, Definition, Method of Study Relationship between Social Demography and other Social Sciences Population Structure in India

Unit II-.

Census, Importance of Census,

Census policy in India.

Methods of findings and analyzing of birth rate and death rate

Unit III-

Theories

Malthus and Neo-Malthusian theories

Biological and Socio-cultural theories

Optimum theory of Population

Unit IV-

Welfare

Family Welfare Programmes in India

Family Welfare and Health

Unit V-

Policies

Demographic Role in India

Govt polies regarding population control, Role of NGOs

Essential Readings

Davis: The Population Cange in India

Pollack: Family planning

Shrivastava OS: Jansankhya shastra ka Adhyayan evam Samajshashtra

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Paper - X

10. (B) Dissertation

MM: 50

The dissertation work is distributed into two major parts. Each part of the dissertation carries equal credit for evaluation.

- a. Theoretical Discussion, Literature Review and Development of Research Proposal
- b. Field Work, data analysis and Presentation of the findings (Dissertation)